STOREKEEPERS AND GAUGERS have been appointed as follows: George P. Martin, Springfield, Tenu.; Max Lipstone, Hopkensville, Ky., and William W. Twyman, Louisville, Ky.

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT CHANGES .- The following official changes have been made in the Department of the In-

terior:

Office of the Secretary.—Promotions: Stanly I Shaek, Md., \$1,200 to \$1,400; Miss Minette Thompsen, D. C., \$1,000 to \$1,200; Mrs. Harriet O. Zantzinger, D. C., \$890 to \$1,000, under civil service rules. Resignation: Mrs. Helen M. Avgry, Ill., clerk at \$1,500.

General Land Office.—Appointments: Isaac B. Snodgrass, W. Va., and Waltace D. Steven, Wis., timber agents at \$1,500. Fromotions: William G. Marshall, Tenn., \$1,000 to \$1,800; John Dunn, Va., and John McCounell, D. C., \$1,400 to \$1,600; Arthir S. Dudley, Wis., and William B. Douglass, Ind., \$1,200 to \$1,400; Frishy H. McCurllough, Mo., and Mrs. Mary S. B. Smith, Pa., \$1,000 to \$1,200; Miss Annie A. Russell, Va.; Miss Clara S. May, N. Y.; Mrs. Mary E. Nesmith, N. H., and Mrs. M. Cecilla Ker, Md., \$000 to \$1,000.

Fatent Office.—Promotions under civil serv-

Kerr. Md., 8000 to \$1,000.

Patent Office—Promotions under civil. services rules: Miss Carrie J. Roush, W. Va.; Mrs. Belle A. Johnston, N. C.: Wm. H. Dougherty, Pa.: H. B. Burch, D. C., Chas. St. V. Zimmerman, D. C., and Miss Lucy B. Russell, Md., \$4000 to \$720. Transfer: Charles McGilley, Ill., to Pension Office, and promotions from \$730 to \$900.

Pension Office—William McCarter, Pa., and Miss Mary Deslia, Ky., copylists, \$300, Promotions: John D. Buckley, Wis.; Authony F. Blue, N. Y., and Mrs. Isabella P. Smith, Mo., \$300 to \$1,000.

#### THE "DARK SECRET" OUTDONE. Nearly 6,000 Miles Sailed in a Small Boat

Anchored off the Sixth street wharf is a diminutive craft, about the size of a small pleasure sail-noat, which arrived this morning from Rio Janeiro, Brazil, after traveling a distance of nearly 6,000

Last January the Baltimore bark Aquidneck was lost on a sand spit in the harbor of Rio Janeiro.

Her commander, Captain Slocum, set to work and built a small boat, 35 feet long, 7½ feet beam and 3½ feet deep, naming her La Liberdade, to convey himself, wife and two children back to

The boat has a canvass-covered deckhouse, and this is all that protected its passengers from the weather.

They sailed July 24 last, and after stopping at Bahia, Pernambuco and several other places, reached Norfolk, Va., two weeks ago, from whence they arrived to-day, having left Christmas eve.

The family are well and hearty, and appear none the worse for the dangerous trip.
The boat is a frall looking structure,

the bulwarks being not over eighteen inches above the water, and does not look like she could live out a stiff nor'wester on Occoquan Bay. But the little craft has weathered some heavy seas in the tropics and laid-to in the teeth of several hurricanes.

Captain Slucum and his family will

#### THE DISTRICT GOVERNMENT.

Mr. Chapin Brown, the lawyer, has been retained by Builder John H. Howlett to contest the action of the Commissioners in awarding contracts to erect the Twenty-eighth and Twenty-second street school houses to bidders whose bids were informal. As stated heretofore in these columns Mr. Howlett claims that his was the only formal bid presented, with the exception of perhaps one or two, which were higher than his proposal. He contends that the contracts should be awarded to him.

A hearing was granted John H. How-

lett and his attorney, Chapin Brown, before the Commissioners this morning regarding Mr. Howlett's claim. After hearing the argument the Commissioners decided that they had the right to waive such informalities complained of by Mr.

E. J. Hannan has been notified in regard to his request that the sewer on L street between Twentieth and Twentyfirst streets be extended 40 feet in front lot 19, square 76, that the improvement will be placed on the schedule for future consideration, and in the event of its being required before a new appropria-tion is available it will have to be paid for by the property owners.

The residents and property-owners on D street, between Eleventh and Thirteenth streets, and Thirteenth street, between D and E streets southeast, have petitioned the Commissioners to improve these streets and lay sidewalks on them. The Commissioners have replied that it is possible that sidewalks may be laid during the coming season, but further relief can scarcely be counted on at

General Inspector E. Y. Beggs complained to the Commissioners that Cornelius Burliem had injured the concrete pavement on the south side of Indiana avenue, between Second and Third streets, by depositing hot asphalt on it. The Commissioners have made an order to the police to prevent a repetition of

#### CHARGED WITH DEADLY ASSAULT. John C. T. Clark on Trial for a Thanks

giving Day Affray. Mr. John T. C. Clark was on trial in the Police Court this morning, charged with assault with lutent to kill.

Thanksgiving afternoon Thomas Jarboe, who was in Clark's employ, re-quested Mr. Clark to loan him his horse and buggy. He came in town, got drunk and then went back to his em-Clark tried to quiet him, but to no purpose. He smashed in the door of the house, struck Mr. Clark and his house keeper, Mrs. Wells, repeatedly, and the struck of the control of the cont

threatened to kill them. Jarboe was urged to go to bed, and was evidently treated with every considera-

tion. He continued his abuse and as sault, and finally was shot by Mr. Clark Judge Miller considered the shooting justifiable, and dismissed the case.

### HE SAID "HELLO, JOHN!"

But the Other Was Afraid and Pulled Bis Gun. Antonio Regini was on trial in the Po-

lice Court this morning charged with shooting James Sullivan. Sullivan testified that he accosted the defendant on the street with "Hello, John!"

Regini claims that he was afraid of be-ing robbed and pulled his gun. There was some firing and a scuffle, during which Stiller during which Sullivan received a bullet through his leg. There was no evidence introduced to show that Regini attempted to shoot Sullivan, and the Court dismis

Charged With Grand Larceny Wm. Henry Hopkius, colored, was placed

on trial in the Criminal Court to-day on the charge of grand larceny. He is under Indict-ment with John Franklin. John Taplett, an old colored, man accuses them of having stolen 2300 from him. HIGHER EDUCATION IN THE NORTHWEST.

# THE EVENING POST.

WASHINGTON, THURSDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 27, 1888.

#### THE GREAT NORTHWEST

THE TOPIC BEFORE THE AMERICAN HISTORICAL ASSOCIATION.

Interesting Papers on the Subject Presented by Professors McLaughlin, Atlanand Knight-Major Powell Describes the Distribution of Indian Languages.

The American Historical Society began the first session of its fifth annual meeting last evening at the Columbian University, William F. Poole, L.L. D., delivered the inaugural address of the association. In the course of his remarks he said: "One of the most marked indi-cations of the growing taste in historical studies in our country is the number of young, scholarly persons who are directing their attention to history, and are writing monographs which are models of literary taste and of exhaustive historical

Rev. James Grant Wilson spoke on the cyclopedia of American biography, and detailed the extensive work that he has been engaged in arranging since

A work on local constitutional history, by Professor George E. Howard of the University of Nebraska was described by Dr. A. G. Warner.

The secretary read the following com-

mittees for the ensuing year:
Nominations—Justin Windsor of Cambridge, Mass.; Gen. James Grant Wilson of New York and James Phelan of Ten-

nessee.
Time and Place of Next Meeting—Judge Charles A. Peabody of New York, Henry O. Phillips, jr. of Philadelphia, H. B. Adams of Baltimore.
Finance—Gen. George A. Cullom of New York, Senator Hoar of Massachusetts, Clarence W. Brown of New York.
Necessary Resolutions—Professor W. M. Postlethwaite of West Point and Professor Garnet of the University of Virtuits.

tethwaite of West Point and Professor Garnet of the University of Virginia.

Programme for Next Meeting—Charles K. Adams, president Cornell University, John W. Burgess of Columbia College, Professor William F. Allen of the University of Wisconsia, Dr. A. B. Hart of Howard University and H. B. Adams of Johns Hopkins University.

The association has received an invitation to dine with ex-Postmaster-General Horatio King from 4 to 7 o'clock to day at his residence, 707 H street.

To day's Session. About forty members of the American

Historical Association assembled in the lecture room of the National Museum this morning, at 10:30, to attend the second day's session of the fifth annual meeting of the association. A number of ladies and people interested in the proceedings of the association completed the audience and filled the ball.

Among those present were Hon, J. C.

Bancroft Davis, Mr. Justin Winsor of Harvard; President Adams of Cornell; Harvard; President Adams of Cornell; Hon. John Jay, president of the Hugue-not Society of America; Hon. James Phelan, M. C. from Tennessee, author of the new History of Tennessee; Professor George W. Knight of the Ohio State University; Professor Hudson of the University of Michigan; Professor Gar-mett; University of Virginia; Hon. Wil-ism Witt Henry of Virginia; President iam Wirt Henry of Virginia; President Tyler of William and Mary College; Mr. Ernest Cruikshank, historian of the Mr. Ernest Cruikshank, historian of the Province of Ontario, and Mr. Douglas Brymner, Dominion Archivist of Ottawa, Canada; Mr. W. E. Foster of the Rhode Island Historical Society, Professor Postlethwaite of the Military Academy at West Point, Dr. Bagg of the Oneida Historical Society, President Gates of Rutgers, Professor Salmon of Vassar College, Dr. Toner of the Library of Congress, Hou. Horatio King, Major Powell, Frederic A. Bancroft, Professor James C, Welling and a number of other prominent historians. inent historians.

CASS AND TH The first paper on the programme, entitled "The Influence of Governor Cass upon the Development of the Northwest," was read by Mr. A. C. McLaughlin, assistant professor of history, University of Michigan, Mr. McLaughlin is a rather handsome young man, with an intellectual cast of countenance, and his paper was a clear, concise and inter-esting recital of the history of the North-

west in its pioneer days and the important part which Governor Cass took in portant part which Governor Cass took in its history.

Lewis Cass was Governor of Michigan Territory from 1813 to 1831. In that time he had control of all the Indian posts in Ohio, Indiana and Michigan, and was more intimately connected with the early history of these sections than any other man of his time. He shaped the Indian policy of the Government. His wise forethought and cool counsel and his long experience in Indian matters was of almost inestimable value to the Government. He folied the erafty policies of the British and prevented the spread of their power in the Northwest.

At that time there was great destitution in At that time there was great destitution in the Northwest among the settlers. They had no industries and their means of livelihood were so limited as to cause hardships which had to be ameliorated by largesses from the Government. Added to these troubles was the constant and cruel warfare carried on by the Indians spurred to acts of greater savagery by the British.

The paper then proceeded to a detailed bistory of the Northwest and was

history of the Northwest, and was listened to with evident interest by the audience. At its close President Adams of Cornell University made a few remarks, corroborating and expatiating upon certain points of the matter in the

The paper of Professor W. F. Allen of he University of Wisconsin upon "The Place of the Northwest in General History" was read by Mr. Frederick J. Turner, graduate student of Johns Hopkins University, a youthful-looking gentle-man, with a musical voice and a good

man, with a musical voice and a good delivery.

Professor Allen pointed out that this year the Northwest has not merely a centennial anniversary but a bi-centennial, and even a three-hundredth anniversary. In 1558 Spain, which at that time had the best claim to all North America, met its fate in the destruction of the Spanish Armada by England. Twenty years later France and England had permanent colonies in North America. Passing the next hundredth anniversary, 1688, Professor Atlen called attention to the fact that France had succeeded Spain as the leading power in the world. "Whoever had undertaken in 1688 to forecast the future," said the speaker, "would assuredly have said that

the speaker, "would assuredly have said that North America was destined to be the posses-

North America was destined to be the possession of France,"

But this was the year of the Revolution of 1688, which placed England at the head of the coalition against France, and brought the two nations into conflict in America, with the result that in 1783 France had lost all of her vast possessions in this country and England had the Northwest. The ideas of England, for Parliamentary in

The ideas of England, for Parliamentary in-stitutions, local self-government and the dig-nity of labor—things utterly foreign to na-tions like France and Spain, who were the heirs of Roman Imperialism, now found growing acceptance on the Continent of America, but the very increase of territory which so aggrandized England lost her the American colonies in the Northwest, for the colonies freed from the fear of the French power on the borders were now able to as-sert their rights and give a fuller developert their rights and give a fuller development to the treasures of liberty.

At the conclusion of this paper, which

W. Knight of the Ohio State University read a paper on the "History of Higher Education in the Northwest,"

After an introductory statement concerning After an introductory statement concerning the series of monographs upon "Higher Education in the Northwest," now in course of publication by the National Bureau of Education, the paper proceeded to show that the history of higher education in the northwest is of especial value and instruction to Americans for the reason that the first Congressional aid to higher education was given to the old Northwest Territory; that the territory contains the strongest State university in America; that there is a strong polley existing to ica; that there is a strong polley existing to encourage the founding of private and local

lieges. Statistics are introduced showing the num ber of colleges in the five States of the Terri-tory, and showing that Ohio has more than any other State in the Union. The States of the Territory rank as to the number of colleges as follows: Ohio, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan and Wis-

The paper then proceeded to a lengthy and detailed history of the growth of universities in the Northwest.

The paper of Major Powell was "A Language Map of North America." Upon a blackboard was suspended a map of North America, the coloring showing the portions of the country in which the various Indian languages were spoken. The principal divisions were the Atha-pascan in the portion of the country now Alaska: the Algonquian, north and south of the Great Lakes; the Sionan, in the southwest; the Shoshonean, in Texas; the Eskimauan, in the Hudson Bay

region.

Major Powell proceeded to point out on the map the dwelling-places of the tribes speaking the different languages, and explained their peculiarities. While there was a difference in the languages poken by the various bands of aborig-nes, there was not such a difference as would be found to exist between the nguages of the people on the continent

After a careful study of the classifica tion, it will probably be found that in the continent of North America there were about seventy-three stocks of lans guages. Major Powell's address wa-listened to with close attention, and he closed with an amusing and satirical al-lusion to the new language, Volapuk. TO-NIGHT'S SESSION.

The session to-night will be held at the Columbian University at 8 p. m., and will be devoted to Federal and Canadian history. The programme will be as follows: "The Old Federal Court of Aplows: "The Old Federal Court of Appeal," Professor J. F. Jamieson, Brown University. "The Federal Experiment in Canada," John G. Bourinot, Clerk of the Canadian House of Commons. "The Canadian Archives," by Douglas Brymner, Dominion Archivist, "The States Rights' Conflict Over the Public Lands," by President Welling of the Columbian University.

# NO CARRIAGES IN LINE.

Committee.
The Committee of Notification, who carried the news of their nomination to President-elect and Vice-President-elect Harrison and Morton, have applied for a position in the Inauguration parade,
"We have told these people," says
Chairman Britton, "just as we have
told all the rest who have asked to be
assigned to positions in the Inauguration

parade, that we can give them no posi-

tion at present.
"These matters all rest with the mar-These matters all rest with the mar-shal and the position in the procession to be occupied by any organization can-not be known until he has completed his programme. This will probably be less than a week before Inauguration Day programme. This will probably be less than a week before Inauguration Day—perhaps not until three or four days before. Until then the applications for places in line will be placed on file as they are received, and about a week before Inauguration Day a list of all the organizations in the city that are going to take part in the result. that are going to take part in the parade

and those which are sure to come, will be placed in his hands.

From this he will make out his programme, assigning to each organization such place in line as he sees fit, for this whole matter rests with him. After he has completed this work the programme will be made public, but until then it is impossible to say what the order of the parade will be. There may be some or-ganizations who have signified an intention of coming. who will not be here, and you see that it would be impossible to arrange the order of the parade until a

few days before the Inauguration. The Notification Committee, in their letter, expressed a desire to ride in the parade in carriages, but Colonel Britton

says this will be impossible.
There will be no carriages in the parade, he says, save those occupied by the old and the new President, the new Vice-President and the joint committee from the Senate and House of Representatives. This will necessitate only two or three carriages, and that is prob ably all the vehicles there will be in the

Colonel Britton says that the reason is that it would be impossible to have a number of carriages in the procession, as rom the present prospects the parade is roing to be about as long a one as can be nancuvered between the Capitol and

White House, anyway.
C. E. Funk of the Cowboy Club of Denver, Colorado, says that 100 of that organization intend to come to the inauguration with a brass band, The Liucoln Club of Cincinnati, 200 strong, have applied for quarters for the

### THE COILS TIGHTENING.

Newman's Stories About His Early Life Proven False.

The coils seem to be tightening around Marion D. Newman, the man of many allases and wives, who is equally clever as a lover and life insurance agent.

When Newman applied for a continuance he filed affidavits to the effect that he could prove by a doctor and a nurse, both now in Harrisburg, Pa., the death

of his baby, He is charged with having procured \$100 from an insurance company to meet the expenses of his baby's death in this city last October.
Detective Raff was sent to Harrisburg

to see these two important witnesses, who, Newman said, were the baby's doctor and nurse. He found the doctor to be a Doctor of Dentistry and Newman, or, as he was christened. De Hughes step-brother. The dental half-brother was not in Harrisburg when Detective Raff visited there, but his wife was, and she said that her husband had not seen De Hughes (Newman) for

fifteen years.

The alleged nurse of Newman's alleged baby proved to be De Hughes' mother, and she told Detective Raff that she had not seen him for eighteen years, and the more Detective Raff learns about De Hughes the greater is his wonder at his having kept out of the clutches of

the law so long.

The dental half-brother's wife says that De Hughes has been "crooked" ever since he was 13 years old, and has two or three more wives than he has a was quite a lengthy one, Professor George | right to that she knows of,

THE IMIGRATION INVESTIGATION. LESS THAN TWO ROUNDS It is Concluded at Detroit-Mr. Ford Re-

BILLY YOUNG KNOCKS OUT ANAMA-TEUR PUGILIST.

The Washington Lad Too Much for His Plucky Antagonist-A Sharp Fight Which Only a Privileged Few Wit-

A prize fight between Billie Young, the well-known lightweight pugilist of this city, and a youth named Charles Gainey, who claims to be from New York, took place about 10 o'clock this morning in Maryland, and was won by Young in the second round. The fight was for a purse of \$100, and so quietly were all the arrangements made that not more than fifty people were present.

The initiated few met at various sa

loons early yesterday morning and left the city in carriages.

The ring was pitched in the woods across the Eastern Branch, just outside of the District, and there the ticket-holders assembled. Young, looking good-natured and confident, was already at the ring-side with his seconds, but Gainey could

After some delay, however, during which the betting men present offered odds that Gainey would not show up, and an enterprising cabman started a game of sweat from which he derived large profits, Gainey arrived with his second, George Northridge. There was little time lost then in arranging the pre-liminaries. Bill Ryan of Ryan's Inn was chosen referee and John Johnson

The men then stripped and took their corners. Young in a suit of white tights, corners. Young in a suit of white tights, and weighing about 140 pounds, never appeared better in a prize ring. Gainey, while well built and apparently a graceful sparrer, showed an evident lack of training, and was, moreover, decidedly nervous. He weighed 160 pounds.

When time was called the two men

shook hands and began sparring for an opening, which Young found with such force that the ultimate result of the fight was apparent after the first blow was struck. Young landed on Gainey's eye a terrific blow, which staggered the latter

and caused a dark swelling to rise all about his right optic.

Then Young hit him in the mouth and drew first blood, after which he landed on his jaw, and then stopped to laugh at the frantic efforts which Gainey was making to him. Gainey was very wild, He was unable to guard against or counter Young's savage blows, and when time was called at the end of the first round he was clearly whipped.

GAINEY COMES UP "GAME." He came up for the second round with his right eye closed completely, the Important Decision by the Inaugural blood flowing from his lip and with a number of dark bruises about his body. but he attempted to defend himself as gamely as possible and succeeded for a time until Young landed another heavy blow upon his injured eye and that flus-

A number of blows rained upon his A number of blows ramed upon his face completed his demo\_alization and a swinging right-hander over his heart ended the fight. Gainey fell like a log and lay prostrate upon the ground until long after time was called, and the fight had been awarded to Young on a knock

out. No one believed that Gainey really knocked out, but he evidently knew when he had had enough, and he

Then the spectators got into their car-Then the spectators got the city. Young was hit only once during fight, and that was a very slight body

The fight was Gainey's first appearance as a bare knuckle fighter, and it will doubtless be his last.

Misfortunes of Business Men. CLARR'S, NEB., Dec. 27.—The banking nonse of W. R. Morse closed its doors Satur-Liabilities, \$80,000; no assets.

Hastinos, Neb., Dec. 27.—The sporting goods house of C. A. Gardner failed yesterday with large liabilities; assets unknown. ROCKFORD, I.L., Dec. 27.—John D. God-frey's merchant tailor and furnishing store was closed by the sherift yesterday. There are about \$10,000 of debts outstanding and unsecured, mostly due to Eastern houses. The stock will invoice about \$20,000

Sent to the Reform School. The boys who tackled the pie wagon on th Boundary yesterday were arraigned in the Police Court this morning. George Banks, a young colored boy, was charged with firing a revolver at the driver of the wagon. The boy's mother was a witness and tried to shield her boy, but the evidence was conclusive and Judge Miller sent him to the reform school. The other boys were dismissed with a repri

The Haytien Republic's Whereabouts NEW YORK, Dec. 27 .- The World's Port-au Prince special, dated December 24, says the steamer Haytien Republic is still at that port awaiting the arrival of a crew to take her to New York. Her owner has demanded in in-demnity of \$250,000, to which the Haytlen Government offers some objection on account of the amount demanded. The question of damages will probably be settled by arbitra-

The Lake Shore's Dividends NEW YORK, Dec. 27.-The Lake Shore di rectors to-day declared a dividend of 3 pe cent., of which 2 per cent, is the regular semi annual dividend, and I per cent. is an extra dividend. Heretofore it has paid only 2 per cent. A resolution was passed by the New York Central directors asserting that it would be the policy of the company to return to a 5 per cent basis during the coming year.

No Traffic in Slaves Permitted. LONDON, Dec. 27.—The secretary of the English East Africa Company denies that any agreement has been entered into by the company with the Arabs regarding traffic in slaves. He says the only act of the company's ageuts in reference to paying for slaves was that of Mr. Mackenzie in paying for the liberation of 1,400 slaves.

Quarterly Dividends Declared. New York, Dec. 27.—The New York Cen-tral directors have declared a quarterly dividend of 1 per cent.; the Michigan Central a semi-annual dividend of 2 per cent., and the Canada Southern a semi-annual dividend of 12 Who the Murdered Philadelphian Was.

Express says: "At 9 o'clock this morning James Greene cut his wife's threat with a butcher knife and then attempted to take his own life with the weapon."

NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—The Daily News this ovening says that the name of the man whose body was found in the water pipe at Phila-Chicago Again Worsted. delphia is Henry Helzell, and that up to a few weeks are he boarded with Mrs. Bertha Moehler of No. 11 Second street, Hoboken. A Double Tragedy. ROCHESTER, N. Y., Deg. 27.—A special from Wolcatt, Wayne County, to the Post-

port. It will probably be accompanied by a bill in which additional and stringent provisions will be made, including instructions to United States consuls in

Europe to investigate the character of immigrants and issue certificates only to Charles A. Ward, Collector of Customs at Port Huron, the first witness this morning, testified that the regular inspection of immigrants had been suspended by the Secretary of the Treasnry several varies of the Treasnry several variety of the Treasnry several years ago. At present there was no inspector to detect immigrants of the criminal, pauper, or insanc classes.
R. H. Day of Port Huron, agent of the Sarnia and Duluth Line of steamers,

testified that he had observed a great many Canadian laborers come over every year in the fall to Michigan and go back in the spring. There was no attempt made to prevent paupers and criminals from coming over. Mr. Sigmond, president of the Wayne County Board of Poor Commissioners,

of testimony here by the Ford Immigra-

tion Investigation Committee was closed

yesterday afternoon. Chairman Ford

left for Washington last night and

the committee will go to work on the re-

testified that a large number of Canadian and European paupers and lunatics were thrust on their hands. He did not know for certain that Canadian officials had helped them to cross the lines, but many of the paupers said so.

The last witness examined was Deputy Collector of Customs Henry Christiance of Detroit, who testified that he had ex-amined the customs of entries of kits of tools within the present year, and there were 474. Twenty five per cent of these were carpenters' tools. There were 2,953 entries of immigrants' household ef-

#### INSULTED BY SPAIN.

A Brigantine From Jamaica Detained and Searched.
PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 27—The brigan-

tine Josefo, arrived from Montego Bay, Jamaica, reports that on her outward trip from New York, while discharging cargo at Arroyo. Porto Rico, she was seized by the Span-ish authorities because twenty packages of corn starch, which were marked on her manifest, could not be found, and was held until a fine of \$4,000 had been paid, although the value of the missing goods did not exceed \$20. The master and crew suffered many indignities at the hands of the Governor of the island and his officials.

The authorities offered to settle the matter if the whereabouts of the packages could be explained. After the payment of the fines it was discovered that by mistake they find been delivered on board

the ship Josephus. Explanation was made to the Spanish authorities and a return of the fine was requested, but was refused, and the Josefo then left the port. The owner has filed a complaint against the Spanish Government with Secretary Bayard.

## MARBLEHEAD'S MISFORTUNE.

Steps Taken to Rebuild the Burned Town. MARBLEHEAD, MASS., Dec. 27.-A meeting of citizens was held last night and addresses made by several prominent citizens, the prevailing sentiment being that the town should be at once rebuilt, and with brick instead of wooden buildings. In case private capital should prove insufficient, it was thought that the town should give all possible pecuniary assistance. Several contributions in small sums were received at the meeting of five were appointed to select a com

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 27 .- Near Harrodsburg yesterday Frank Green, who killed three men in the course of his life, while escaping from officers by crossing the Kentucky River in a skiff, capsized his boat and drowned. Green was born in Ohio, where he killed a man when a youth, moved to Eastern Kentneky, where he killed another, then into High Bridge, where he dangerously wounded two others. His last killing was two months ago, when he beat a railroad hand to death near Cinttancora. Tenn

mittee of twenty-five to solicit contribu-

Chattanooga, Tenn. Dr. Carver Giving Out. MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., Dec. 27 .- Dr. Carver, in his third days' shooting, broke, up to 11 p. m., 7,190 balls and missed 60. His record for three days is 26,535 balls hit, about 2,500 below the average of 1,000 a day which will be necessary to insure success in his attempt to break 6,000 balls in six days. His physical condition is bad. His hands and arms are much swollen. It is not believed he will be able to continue to the end of the week

New Freight Rates in Effect, Pittsauno, Dec. 27.—The new freight rates in plg iron go into effect on next Tuesday on the lines of the Pennsylvania Company. new rate on pig fron in car loads is 15 cents new rate on pig from the first state is 15 cents per hundred pound s, the old rate being 123 cents. In less than car locds the rate is 17s cents, the old rate being 15 cents. These are the rates from Pittsburg to Chicago. From the Shennango and Mahoning Valleys the rates are il cents less. rates are 2 cents less.

Must Be Approved By the Skuptschina, BELGRADE, Dec. 27.—King Milan and the Radical leaders have effected an understand: ing. One hundred and twenty Radicals and all of the Liberal deputies have presented an address to King Milan thanking him for the revised constitution and assuring him of their loyalty. The changes in the constitution render approval by the Skuptschina necessary.

Commissioners to the Centennial. Augusta, Mr., Dec. 27.-Governor Marble as appointed these commissioners to attend the Centennial Celebration of Washington's Inauguration in New York, April 30: James G. Blaine, Arthur Sewall, Fayson Tucker, Judges Artemas, Libby and John A. Peters, W. L. Putnam, ex-Governor Selden Connor, Lewis Parker, Charles F. Libby.

Brave Captain Holmes. PLYMOUTH, MASS., Dec. 27.—Captain J. Holmes, who commanded the steamer John II. Hanna, and who was burned to death at the destruction of his steamer at Plaquemine, I.a., was a native of this town. His brother, Captain Curtis Holmes, still lives here. Since the age of 17, Captain J. S. Holmes had been in the steamboat business in the South.

Another Drop in Oil. decline of two cents in oil on consolidated ex change to-day. The decline was due to sell ing, caused by a rumor that the members of the bull pool in percoleum were unloading. Certificates declined from 895 at the opening to 865 in the first hour.

ADELAIDE, SOUTH AUSTRALIA, Dec. 27. The American baseball team played a game of ball here yesterday. The score was: All Americas, 19; Chicagos, 14.

Ten Years for Murder New BRUNSWICK, N. J., Dec. 27.—Gresti Vasko, the murderer of Skokam of Perth Am boy, was to day scatenced to State prison for ten years.

HE FELL FOUR STORIES.

DETROIT, MICH., Dec. 27.-The taking TERRIBLE FATE OF A MESSENGER IN THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

> Michael Keating Loses His Balance and Breaks His Skull on the Ground Floor of the Building-Intoxication the Cause -He Drank to Drown Grief,

Michael Keating of 332 N street southvest, an assistant messenger in Salter's Division of the Adjutant-General's office, appeared at 7:35 this morning at the War Department to go to work, as he has been wont to do for the past two years. He took the keys from the watchman and proceeded to the fourth floor in the northwest corner of the building, where he is stationed, and began his usual morning labor. It was noticed that he acted queerly; that his mind was not on his work, and, in fact, he seemed under the infinence of liquor.

When Mr. George W. Salter, chief of division of the discontinued commandery, came to the office a little after 9 o'clock, he observed that Keating was o'clock, he observed that Keating was not exactly right, and advised him to go home. Keating lingered around until about 10:15, when he said to a friend that he was going home. At that time he was standing in the northwest corridor of the fourth floor. As he started off he staggered, and just as he turned to go down stairs he lost his balance and fell over the railing to the ground floor with a dull thud. Watchman Denny saw the fall. It sounded like a gong.

Strange to say the fall did not disfigure the unfortunate man, there was not a trace of blood to be seen anywhere, and as he laid on the marble floor, one would have thought him asleep. Sergeant

have thought him asleep. Sergeant Greenleaf was near at hand and examined the body. Keating's skull and jaw were broken by the fall besides several ribs. He lived just two minutes after touching the floor. The police were at once notified and the body was removed to the morgue.

The coroner arrived after the body had been taken away. Keating was a sober, industrious man, and was liked by all who knew him. About eight months ago he lost a son by drowning, and not long since a young married daughter died. The death of his children daughter died. The death of his children proved heavily on his mind, and it is supposed he drank to drown his grief. He leaves a wife and four children. He was born in Ireland. At the breaking out of the war he entered the army and served till 1871: he re-entisted in 1873, and was discharged in 1883. In 1885 he entered the Signal Office as a laborer, and was transferred to the Adjutant-General's Office in 1886. Keating was about 45 years old, five feet eight inches in height, weighed 150 pounds and wore a heavy mustache.

#### THE APPROACH OF WINTER-

The Signal Office announces that a cold wave will reach Washington within the next twenty-four hours. The temperature will fall twenty degrees.

Stoux Falls, D. T., Dec. 27.—The first snow-storm of the season came yesterday. It is drifting, but not sufficiently to interfere with the railroad. Mason City, I.A., Dec. 27.—Iowawar visited with a heavy snow fall yesterday, in some localities assuming the appearance of a blizzard. From Emmetsburg to the Dakota line there is an average fall of one inch, between Emmetsburg and Chickasaw about six inches, and east of Chickasaw to the Mississippi about two inches.

MILWAUNEE, Wis., Dec. 27.—Dispatches from Wausau, Portage, Marinette and La Crosse report that fr.m eight to ten inches of snow fell vesterday and is drifting under a heavy wind.

CHAMBERLAIN, D. T., Dec. 27.—The Missouri River is still open at this point, and the weather continues to moderate.

WATERLOO, IA., Dec. 27.—The first blizzard

of the winter made its appearance yesterday morning. Over a foot of snow has fallen and the atom still rages. The snow is drifting badly and it is thought great delay to travel will ensue. CHICAGO, Dec. 27.—A severe snow and sleet storm is raging throughout most of the Weststorm is raging throughout most of the West-ern States, and telegraphic communication is badly interrupted in Iowa, Missouri, Kansas,

Minnesota and Arkansas. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 27 .- A sleet and RANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 27.—A sleet and snow storm has done Sl.500 damages to the property of the Electric Light Company and S0,000 damages to the property of the Telephone Company. All the telaphone wires on Grand avenue, from Sixth to Sixteenth street, are down, and nearly all the poles on the same street are broken. It grew colder last night and the snow fall ceased.

Damaged By a Fly-Wheel NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 27 .- A dispatch from Natchez, Miss., says: "At the close of the dinner hour to day, when the Adams Manufacturing Oil Works were started up, a large flywheel went to pieces, causing \$1,000 damage to the mill, and necessitating the closing of the establishment for at least a month for

repairs.' Cotton Operators on a Strike LONDON, Dec. 37.—A crisis appears to be imminent in the Bolton cotton trade. A portion of the employee are already on strike and refuse to return to work until their demands are complied with. The masters complain of bad work, and threaten to order a general lockout unless the work is improved and the

For Italians in America. ROME, Dec. 27 .- The Pope has sent to the ishop of Piacenza \$4,000 for a training college for missionaries to be sent to America to care for Italian emigrants. The Liberal papers eulogized the late Signor Mancoul and recall the fact that he initiated the alliance of Italy, Germany and Austria.

A Token From the Chinese Emperor. 1 Benlis, Dec. 27 .- The Emperor of China has conferred marks of distinction upon Prince Bismarck, Herr Krupp and Herr Shultow, the president of the Vulcan Company, as a token that Chlua is satisfied with the building of Chluese iron-clads in Germany.

Funds for an Anti-Stavery Campaign.

Romg, Dec. 27 .- The Catholic Society is or-

ganizing associations throughout Italy, which coujointly, with similar associations all over the world, will raise funds for a vigorous anti-Soldiers Condemn Boulanger PARIS, Dec. 27 .- The leading French sol diers condemn Boulanger's action in decid-

ing to contest the vacant seat in the Department of the Seine. A strong Government clique is organizing to oppose him. BUCHAREST, Dec. 27 .- Two Russian emissaries have been arrested at Vestilesti. Efforts to incite the people against King Charles are becoming frequent.

Deposed by His Brother, ZANKIBAR, Dec. 27,—It is reported that Mwanga has been deposed by his brother in Unganda. There has been severe fighting at Unganda. There has been a Bagamoye, with native losses.

Ocean Steamers Arrived. SOUTHAMPTON, Dec. 27.—True, from New York, and proceeded for Bremen. Quantstows, Dec. 27.—Nevada, from New

London, Dec. 27.—Lake Superior, from Liverpool. Liverpool.

Liverpool. Dec. 27.—The National Line steamer Italy, from New York, arrived here this afternoon. BLOOD MAY FLOW.

A Sanguinary Conflict Expected Between

White and Blacks. MEMPHIS, TENN., Dec. 27.-A private telegram was received late last evening from Lamar, Miss., calling for twentyfive Winchester rifles. It came from a thoroughly responsible gentleman, living two miles from that place, to his son. The object, the telegram stated, was to equip the whites for an impending con-flict with the blacks. The telegram also stated that it was rumored that two whites and five negroes had been killed. The cause of the trouble was not given, nor the extent to which it had gone. The guns were shipped at 10 o'clock last night.
Lamar is a small town about sixty

miles from this city, in Boyton County, on the Illinois Central Railroad. The latest dispatches received from Lamar, Miss., agree in saying that a san-guinary conflict between the whites and blacks is likely to occur at any moment. The trouble originated from a quarrel between a white man and a negro. The latter was in a quarrelsome mood and used insulting language to the white man

and was promptly knocked down. Several other negroes, who witnessed the quarrel, espoused the cause of their colored brother, and in a short time the white man was being kicked and cuffed in a lively manner, and would have, no doubt, been killed then and there but for the timely arrival of a few whites. On the appearance of the whites the negroes fled the town, and in a patch of woods at the outskirts of town held a consultation. It was decided to send messengers in the vicinity calling upon them to at once join them. The whites, hearing of this action, also began organizing, and in a short time had collected a strong force. The negroes will receive a warm recep-tion should they decide to make a descent

on the town. A special from Lamar, Miss., says: "In the course of a few hours the negroes began pouring in from surrounding towns in warlike fashion. Their presence, in warrise fashion. Their presence, however, was soon offset by a stream of whites who arrived on every train armed with Winchester rifles. Fighting is expected to be resumed to-day. Arms for the whites have been shipped from Mem-

#### A FAMOUS STALLION DEAD.

Robert Bonner loses His Great Racer NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—The Turf, Field

and Farm in its next issue will say: The fastest of the Hambletonian-Star Stallions, Startle, is dead. He was a bay, owned by Charles Backman at Stony Ford, got by Rysdyks Hambletonion, out of Lizzie Walker, was foaled in 1867, obtained a record of 2:36 as a three-year old and then was sold to Robert Bonner for \$20,000. He never again started for a purse, but he troted the Old Fleetwood track in 2:19, a performance equal to 2:17

on the present track, and he went to the half-mile pole in 1:04j, a 2:00 gait. Had he been trotted through the big circuit he would have acquired a very low record, and had he been allowed to go to Kentucky fifteen years ago his reputation in the stud would have been equal to that of any stallion of his age. The trouble with Startle was an ulcer in the month caused by a bad tooth. When pain had racked his nervous system and he began to grow weak from lack of nourishment, Mr. Bonner tried to keep him alive on cows' milk, but this effort, like all others, failed, and the grand stallion literally starved to death. He was buried on the farm at Tarrytown.

Buseball in Havans. New Outsans, La., Dec. 27,—The Picayune's Havana special says: Several thousand people assembled vesterday to witness a game of baseball between a Havana club and an American team, which arrived Saturday. The game was very spirited, but the American battery—McMahou of Delaware and Collins of Brooklyn—proved too much for the Cubans, who were beaten 9 to 5.

A Newspaper Burned Out. Tacoma, W. T., Dec. 27.—The office of the Tacoma Ledger was burned yesterday mornas no fires were in the building, there ledge a holiday for the comployes. The paper has been making a vigorous fight against gamblers. A reward of \$1,000 is offered by the propristor for the detection of the incendiary. The editorial rooms and all the library files were

Acquitted of Lurceny. Charles Jones, colored, was to-day acquitted in the Criminal Court of the charge of larceny from the person, in taking money from Charles Swank, an old soldier, who was in his house. Jones claimed that the money was taken by a woman. As Jones, however, was under suspension of sentence for housebreak-ing he was retained in custody.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL. The Stock and Money Market. New York, Dec. 24.— Money 4 per cent. Exchange steady; posted rates, 485@4894; ctual rates, 4841604842 for sixty days and

489@489; for demand.
dovernments quiet; currency 6s, 119 bld; 4s, coupon, 128\$ bld; 4\$, do., 108\$ bld.
The stock market opened 'rregular and feverish, and after the first thirty minutes prices declined † to ? per cent. by 11 o'clock on selling of some of the leading stocks by the commission houses. After 11 o'clock it became extremely dull and continued inactive until within a few minutes of noon, when the amouncement was made that Lake Shore had declared a semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent. an increase of 1 per cent. and also 489@4891 for demand. cent., an increase of 1 per cent., and also that the directors of the New York Central had adopted a resolution declaring their intention to increase the dividend on its stock to 5 per cent. per annum. This news caused

to 5 per cent. per annum. This news caused an active buying, and the prices at this writing are firm and the highest thus far to-day.

1 p. m. prices.—W. U., S4‡; N. Y. C., 109‡; N. J. C., —; N. Pac., 25‡; do. pfd., 50‡; U. P. 64‡; Mo., 74½; Tex., 22‡; C. S., 55½; D. & H., 131‡; D. L. & W., 143‡; Eric, 27‡; do. pfd., 62; K. & T., 13‡; L. S., 154‡; L. E. W., 17‡; L. & N., 54½; N. W., 105‡; do. pfd., 140; P. M., 30½; Reading, 40½; R. I., 98; O. M., 32½; do. pfd., 96; St. Paul, 63‡; do. pfd., 160‡; N. & C., 85½; Wabash, 12½; do. pfd., 25½; B. & Q., 110‡; Man., 19½; O. & N., 91; O. & T., 30‡; C., C., C., L., 59.

The Chicago Market. CHICAGO, Dec. 27.-Opening, 9:30 a. m.: Wheat-Dec., 97‡; Jan., 97‡; May, 103. Corn-Jan., 344; Feb., 344; May, 37. Oats—May, 20. Pork—Jan., \$12,921; May, \$13,30. Lard—Jan., \$7,721; Feb., \$7,70; May, \$7,80. Short Ribs—Jan., \$6,821; May, \$6,95. The Washington Stocks

Miscellaneous Bonds-W. & G. R. R., 1111; Masonic Hall Ass'n, 108; Wash. Market Co., 116; Inland & Seabord Co., -; Wash. Light Infantry, 1st, 94; Wash Light Infantry, 2d. 40; Wash, Gas Light Co., 1914; Wash, Gas Rights, 67; Wash, Gas Scrip, 182.
National Bank Stocks—Bank of Washington, 300; Bank of Republic, 175; Metropolitan, 2,00; Central, 200; Second, 140; Farmers' and Mechanics', 165; Citizens', 195; Columbia,

Hechanica, 165, Chiebes, 135, Columbia, 119.

Railroad Stocks—Washington and Guorgetown, 206; Metropolitan, 1091; Columbia, 30;
Cap. & North O st., 34; Anacostia, 10.
Insurance Stocks—Firemen's, 39; Franklin;
395; Metropolitan, 74; National Union, 19,
Arilington, 169; Corroran, 69; Columbia, 124;
German American, 155; Potomac, 65; Riggs, 8,
Gas and Electric Light Stocks—Washington
Gas 404; Geographym Gas, 44; U. S. Electric Gas, 404; Georgetown Gas, 44; U. S. Electric

Light, —, Tulephone Stocks—Penusylvania, 30; Chesu-peaks & Potomac, 77. Miscellaneous Stocks—Washington Markat Miscellaneous Stocks—washington Market Co., 163: Washington Brick Machine Co., 195; National Press Brick Co., —; Great Falls Ico Co., 150: Bull Run Panorana Co. 29: Reat Estate Title Insurance Co., 118; Columbia Title Insurance Co., 54; National Safe De-posit Co.,—; American Graphophone Co., 131.

Local Weather Indications, Light tain, followed Friday by fair; colder; southwesterly winds.